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# The Chinook Advance

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Vol 12. No 18

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, August 25, 1927

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We can get you any size not in stock. See our samples

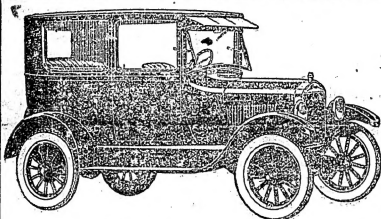
We have a large assortment of

**Ladies Felts and Velvet Hats**

On show the second week in September. Prices  
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## Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service  
C. W. RIDGOUT GEO. E. AITKEN  
CHINOOK ALTA



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FORD TOURING	\$895.00
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Also Geometry Sets, Mucilage, Pencil Boxes, Paints, Drawing  
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of Pennibs.

Waterman's Scholar Fountain Pens \$2.75

See our Window - - See Our Display  
Come in and look them over.

## E. E. JACQUES

DRUGGIST

CHINOOK

## LOCAL ITEMS

Mrs. S. Y. Hoppin will be at  
Hurley's store in Chinook on  
Tuesday, September 6, with a  
complete line of Ladies, Misses  
and Children's Hats.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Campbell,  
who have been spending the summer  
months at Bakersfield, California,  
returned to Chinook last  
Thursday. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell  
made the return trip by auto.

Rev and Mrs. Geo. Elliott, of  
Langham, Sask., were guests at  
the home of Mr. and Mrs. W.  
Isbister over the week-end.

A. L. Turcott, who has been  
spending the summer months  
down East, returned to his farm  
at Heathdale on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Yake spent  
Sunday in Chinook renewing old  
acquaintances. Mr. and Mrs.  
Yake have been holidaying in Cal-  
gary and were on their way back  
to their home in Saskatoon.

C. Bussberry, of Calgary,  
arrived in Chinook on Saturday,  
and is looking after his farming  
interests in the Collingwood district.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Neff were  
visitors in Calgary last week.

F. Robertson, of Oakville, Ont.,  
arrived in Chinook on Friday, and  
is visiting his son, E. Robertson  
of Big Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Samwell, of  
Medicine Hat, were visitors on  
Thursday at the home of Mr. and  
Mrs. O. B. Elliott.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Twining,  
of Vancouver, are visiting Mr.  
Twining's brother of Rollinson.

Mr and Mrs. H. W. Butts, who  
have been visiting Mrs. Butts'  
sister, Mrs. Ralph Thompson, of  
Haynes, Alberta, returned on Sun-  
day.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Stewart and  
son, Harold were visitors in Cal-  
gary last week.

Miss C. Davidson, of Edmonton  
organizer for the Canadian Red  
Cross Society, was a visitor in  
Chinook over the week-end.

Carl and George Lensgraf, who  
are chiropractors and are practicing  
in the States, arrived in Chin-  
ook on Thursday and are visiting  
their parents, Mr and Mrs. H. T.  
Lensgraf.

In honor of Rev. and Mrs. Geo.  
Elliott, of Langham, Sask., who  
have been visiting in town, Mrs.  
V. L. Chapman entertained a  
number of friends at her home on  
Saturday afternoon.

George Aitken and his nephew,  
James, of Vancouver, arrived in  
town on Tuesday, and will assist  
in the harvesting of their crops.

Harry and Clifford Thorpe, who  
have been spending their holidays  
here visiting their uncle and aunt,  
Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Jacques, re-  
turned to Calgary on Tuesday.

John Parsons, who has been  
spending the summer in Drum-  
heller, returned to his farm in the  
Heathdale district on Tuesday.

Miss Marion Butts, of Minne-  
apolis, Minn., is visiting at the  
home of her brother and sister-in-  
law, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Butts.

Miss Jessie Morrison, who is a  
nurse in the General Hospital in  
Winnipeg, arrived in Chinook on  
Tuesday and is spending a two  
months holiday visiting her par-  
ents, Mr. and Mrs. N. Morrison  
of Collingwood.

S. Brown and C. Wilson, of  
Collingwood, were visitors in Cal-  
gary this week.

Your kind co-operation in the  
past has enabled us to have a  
Bigger and Better than ever stock  
of School Supplies for the coming  
season. A repetition of your past  
business will be much appreciated.  
— E. E. Jacques, Druggist.

Mrs. N. D. MacKinnon and  
daughters, Estella and Jessie,  
of Collingwood, left on Friday for Cal-  
gary, where they will spend a  
holiday.

Cooley Bros. sold a new Ford  
Coupe car last week to Vincent  
Butner, of Little Gem, and a Ford  
Touring car to J. C. Bayley, of  
Laughlin district.

Mr. H. Dunster, of Collingwood,  
received the sad news this week  
of the death of his sister-in-law, Miss  
Olive McDonald, of Maple Grove,  
Nova Scotia. The deceased had  
been ill for the past six months,  
and during that time Mrs. Dunster  
has been at the bedside of her  
sister.

### Farms Selling in Chinook District

Henry Jensen and Harry Volt,  
who came up from Duchess, Al-  
berta last week, purchased the  
whole section 24-29-7 belonging  
to Finley McKenzie. The deal,  
which includes the whole outfit of  
farm machinery, involves about  
\$20,000.00.

According to I. W. Deman, who  
put through this land deal, several  
other Mennonite families are ex-  
pected to purchase farms in the  
Chinook district this fall.

### Chinook Agricultural Society in Splendid Financial Standing

The reading of the financial  
statement of the Chinook and Dis-  
trict Agricultural Society at a  
meeting of the directors held on  
Saturday evening showed that the  
society was in splendid financial  
condition. After paying out all  
prize money and expenses of the  
fair the society had a balance of  
\$445.25. Cheques have been  
mailed to all the prize winners at  
the fair. This is a record for the  
society, and the executive and di-  
rectors are to be congratulated on  
the success of the exhibition.

It was decided by the directors  
to hold a banquet sometime in  
November when every member of  
the Society would be invited to  
attend. After the banquet the  
annual meeting will be held and  
the officers for the ensuing year  
elected. Arrangements for the  
holding of this banquet are in  
charge of R. Stewart, W. A. Todd,  
W. S. Warren and Robert Smith.

## Announcement

We're Off!

We wish to announce to our customers  
and friends that we have once again opened  
our doors for business in our new store on  
Main Street. We invite you all to come in  
and see our nice stock of

**Men's and Boy's Furnishings,  
Ladies Dress Goods, Boots and Shoes**

**Our Grocery Stock Is**

**Complete and Fresh**

Mrs. S. Y. Hoppin will be at our Store on Tuesday,  
September 6th, with a full display of Ladies, Misses,  
and Children's Hats.

## HURLEY'S

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

## Billiard Hall

Complete line of **Tobacco**  
COME AND SPEND A  
PLEASANT EVENING **At Billiards**

**Barber Shop in Connection  
LADIES HAIR CUTTING A SPECIALTY**  
Latest Styles. Shampooing and Massaging.

H. W. Butts, Prop., Chinook

## The Best in Meats

They have quality, they are tender, they are fresh,  
but not too fresh, they are properly prepared, they are  
cut and sold in a cleanly manner, they are delicious,  
wholesome and pleasing to serve. Do you want a  
ROAST that will be juicy and tender when hot, that  
will slice up nicely when cold? VEAL, LAMB, BEEF  
PORK—the best of each. We know all about the  
meat we sell, and we won't sell it unless it's the best in  
the market.

Corned Beef, Smoked Fish and Meats, Cheese,  
Lard, Etc. Fresh Fish on Fridays.

## Chinook & Youngstown Meat Markets

Buy Advertised Goods

## HARVEST SUPPLIES

AXLE GREASE, CUP GREASE, HARD OIL, BINDER  
WHIPS, CANVAS SLATS, STAPLES, RIVETS, AND  
DUCK BY THE YARD. We Repair Binder Canvas.

SHOES, GLOVES, SOCKS,

LEATHER LACES, DUBBINS, ETC.

## CHINOOK HARNESS SHOP

S. H. Smith, Prop.





# Would Banish All Wars By Interesting The Public In The Cause Of Internationalism

"Internationalism through education" was the theme of an eloquent address to the second biennial conference of the World Federation of Education Associations at the University of Toronto, by Raphael Herman, of Hollywood, Cal. Mr. Herman has devoted years of his life and a large portion of his fortune to the cause of internationalism.

After expressing his diffidence as a hymn before professionals, Mr. Herman congratulated the federation on having selected Canada as its meeting place. The 3,000 mile length of unprotected frontier between Canada and the United States spoke volumes for the actual possibility of neighboring nations continuing to live at peace with each other, he said.

"I am an 'internationalist,' that is, one who loves his own country with devotion, but is convinced that patriotism does not lie in a willingness to die for one's country. But also to live for it. As such, I come to plead the cause of world peace through education, the only practical means of solving the problems which face humanity. I come to plead to you, educators of the coming generation, by whom alone this can be brought about—in whose hands lie the peace and the destinies of the human race."

"The modern conception of internationalism is not based on the extinction of national individuality. It is founded on the principle of the creation and the preservation of harmony in the midst of difference, such as is achieved in a mosaic, where one piece may contrast with, but fit into and contribute to the beauty of the whole intricate pattern. Nationalism and internationalism are complementary. Each is necessary to the other for the complete life, and each should amount to a passion and as such be accepted as a normal manifestation of human nature."

"Political thinkers, philosophers and economists have recognized the principle that for the solution of many of its own problems one nation depends on others. The complex of all nations includes an intense desire for the development of national individuality and all that it implies in the direction of cultural and political ideals. This is a fundamental, biological and psychological fact. If forces recognition of the corollary—that nations in their dealings with each other are guided by some sense of internationalism such as I have defined, they will fall short of their own ideals and in the attainment of the highest form of existence possible."

"It is urged that training for war is easy because it is according to nature, whereas training for peace is impossible because it is contrary to nature. We need point, but to the United States and Canada. If the pacifist spirit is possible here it should be possible elsewhere and with its appearance elsewhere the world's problems would, in a large measure, soon be solved."

"It was absolutely essential that the young should be taught history accurately and without bias," Mr. Herman declared.

"Youth should be impressed with the idea that truth must not be made subservient to a desire to enforce a personal viewpoint."

"History should tell the great advantages of peace over war. Peace and not war, peace with its great beneficent love is the great and only achievement worth the while, which will lead to thoughts of friendliness and goodwill and things which make for the genuine progress and happiness of the world."

"History should not be taught to little children because things must be brought down to absurdity in order to make it understandable to them."

Mr. Herman supported his contentions by quotations from Premier Stanley Baldwin, Premier Ireland, Foreign Minister Stresemann, and other statesmen.

"We have many colleges and excellent textbooks on military science," continued the speaker. "Pupils in school are taught to worship war and its heroes, like Caesar, Napoleon and Moltke; and we are taught to admire deeds which we could condemn indignantly if done in the ordinary walk of life."

"But we do not have a school for peace. Just think of it; not a single association that could be called the pioneer of a great peace empire in which we could discuss the

mutual comprehension and charity subject that become distorted and confused in the turbid atmosphere of the street. We must therefore begin with the spiritual and intellectual aspects of peace and have schools of peace like those of war, which will lead directly towards the goal which is not less than the establishment of the Kingdom of God on earth."

## Alberta's Honey Industry

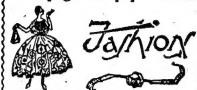
Production This Year Will Be Worth \$100,000, Is Estimate

Quite a number of apiaries have been established in the irrigated districts around Lethbridge and are enjoying good returns from the alfalfa and sweet clover bloom. One of the largest of these apiaries is at Coal Dale, where there is an extracting plant capable of handling three to four tons of honey daily. Altogether there are 1,100 colonies at Coal Dale and 400 at Brooks. One carload of honey has been shipped this season to Calgary and another to Edmonton. Warm weather and a wealth of sweet clover and alfalfa bloom in the irrigated districts are combining to give the bee men the best harvest in years, and if the weather remains fine for the remainder of this month it is thought more than 500 tons of honey will be produced in Southern Alberta. As honey is worth in the neighborhood of \$500 a ton, the total yield promises to be worth in the neighborhood of \$100,000.

At the Reider headquarters the honey from the 45-frame extractor is pumped into two large tanks in the packing department, and there placed in the containers for shipment.

Firemen Summoned By Wireless  
Wireless was used for the first time in England recently to summon land fire engines to a burning ship near port. With her hold ablaze, the steamer Patriotic, en route from Belfast, radioed for the Liverpool fire forces and then made a dash for shore. The waiting fire brigades, after an hour's battle with the flames, saved the Patriotic's valuable cargo of cloth and hemp twine.

## Winnipeg Newspaper Union



1618  
A Chic New Frock

Exceedingly smart in this frock of youthful charm, having groups of plaits in the front of the skirt and a plain back. The bodice has tucks at each shoulder, a shaped collar, long sleeves gathered to wrist-bands, or short sleeves with cuffs, and a trim belt. No. 1618 is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 (36 bust) requires 2 1/2 yards 23-inch, or 2 1/2 yards 21-inch material; 1/2 yard less 23-inch material for short sleeves; 5/8 yard additional 23-inch contrasting for View B. Price 20 cents the pattern.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

## How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 176 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size ....  
.....  
.....  
Name .....  
Town .....

## New Coal Product

Cheaper Than Oil, Says Agent Of English Firm

H. A. Bradstreet, of London, who arrived in New York recently on the Berengaria, represents the Sensible Heat Corporation of England, which is the owner of a newly patented reducing process for coal that leaves a residue which, when pulverized, can be used, he said, in ships and locomotives.

"The whole secret of this unlocking of the products of coal is very simple," said Mr. Bradstreet. "The coal is put into a big rotor similar to a cement kiln, and while the rotor rotates the hot, inert gases make the coal yield up the volatiles from which the products are obtained. The residue is left, and it, when pulverized, can be handled with safety."

"We gave a demonstration on July 12 for the British Institute of Naval Architects at Cambridge University, at which representatives of the United States Shipping Board were present. As a result of that demonstration I am in New York."

"Oil is too expensive as a fuel, as large shipping companies in England and America have learned. They are now turning to pulverized coal that will flow, as easily as oil, and will give the same steaming radius at from one-fifth to one-sixth the cost."

## Poultry Congress Great Success

Exceeded The Most Sanguine Expectations Of Promoters

The Third World's Poultry Congress which was held in Ottawa from July 27 to August 4 was a greater success in every way than its most sanguine promoters expected. Forty-two countries sent delegates and the live birds on exhibition totalled nearly 10,000. There were birds from the poultry farms of King George V. of Britain, the Prince of Wales, and from the farms of other reigning monarchs in Europe. The United States and Canada had very large and attractive exhibits which indicated the progress that poultry raising has made in North America. Several thousand delegates and visitors from the United States attended the Congress and took an active part in the sessions of the Congress. On August 3, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, his brother Prince George, His Excellency Viscount Willingdon, Governor-General of Canada, Mr. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, Prime Minister of Britain, and Mr. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Prime Minister of Canada, visited the Congress exhibits.

Extend System Of Farm Training  
A step in the direction of extending the system of farm training for the Overseas Dominions is announced in the decision of the British Government to enlarge the farm training centres in Britain so that 2,000 men may be trained annually, instead of 1,000 as at present. This is regarded as preliminary to a much larger extension.

## Progress In Agricultural Methods

Unprecedented Demand For Farming Machinery Is Noted This Year

The outstanding trait of Western Canadian agriculture is its ceaseless progression. Western Canadian farming never stands still, but is constantly featuring new developments. The diversity of crops extends; methods of operation are steadily being improved. In particular, the advance in the adoption of mechanical devices and the general utilization of machines to facilitate farming operations and reduce manual effort has been striking. Today the profession of farming in Western Canada depends not so much on physical strength as a practical administrative sense and a working mechanical knowledge. Manual labor requirements are steadily being reduced to a minimum, and the Western Canadian farmer is becoming more and more the operator of a machine.

According to reports from intelligent observers in Western Canada, the spring of this year revealed two very marked trends in the agricultural industry of this territory, one being the greater "powerizing" of the large dry land farms and the other a marked increase in the favor and probable utilization of the combined harvester-thresher. Dealers in the territory report an unprecedented demand for the light farm tractor and a tremendous increase in orders for combines. Tractors have been steadily delivered at farms as they were received from the factory, while, according to one estimate, the number of combines which will be used in Saskatchewan and Alberta this fall will be one thousand machines as compared with 175 in use last year.—Regina Leader.

## Smut Infected Feed

A Risk Is Run By Giving Livestock Contaminated Grain

Although smut-spore-infected grain or feed is not so injurious to livestock as is sometimes believed, there is no doubt that feed contaminated with smut is unwholesome. Although the matter is not altogether cleared up, farmers are advised, in a Dominion Department of Agriculture bulletin on smut diseases of cultivated plants, not to run risks by giving animals such food.

In an extensive investigation with the ordinary farm animals there were no instances of definite sickness brought about by the eating of smut contaminated food, but the frequent occurrences of minor disturbances showed that such food should not be generally used. When oat smut is abundant in a crop which is cut for green feed it may cause irritation and congestion, and a number of fatalities among cattle from this cause have been reported.

The United States raises 375,000 tons of peanuts every year. No statistics are available as to other nuts produced.

# Increasing Attention Paid By Authorities To Protection Of The Health Of The Public

## Do Hens Need Open Runs

Confined In Pens Or Allowed To Run In The Open, Advantages Are About Equal

For five years an experiment has been under way at the Agassiz Experimental Farm to find out whether or not laying-hens do better confined in pens or allowed their freedom in the open. The report of the station for last year giving the results of this experiment and also deals with live stock, field crops, gardening, and other experiments, is available at the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. Barred Plymouth Rocks comprising ten pullets in each pen have been used from year to year. The results for the two years show that the advantages are not great either way. The birds confined to their pens gave an egg yield of 189 per bird, while those on range laid on an average of six eggs less. The value of the eggs was practically the same, being \$4.72 per bird for the confined lot, and \$4.58 for those on range. There was but one cent per bird difference in the cost of feeding, which amounted to \$2.77 for the confined birds, and \$2.76 for the others. The grain fed consisted of equal parts by weight of wheat, oats, and ground corn, with a mash consisting by weight of 100 pounds each of bran, shorts, corn meal, and crushed oats, and 75 pounds of beef scrap and two per cent of charcoal.

## Japan's Seaweed Crop

Is Grown Especially For Food and Carefully Cultivated

Japanese soldiers do not give much trouble to the Quartermaster's Department. In the field they are capable of great endurance on a diet of dried rice, dried fish, dried seaweed, and pickled plums. The seaweed is wrapped round the rice, as a "relief" to it. Given a tiny fry, a stewpan, and the rations mentioned, they are perfectly content, whatever the weather and however long the marches.

Seaweed is grown specially for food purposes, being cultivated with as much care as any other crop. After the typhoon season, the women may be seen bearing great loads of young trees which have been stripped of their leaves, though all the small branches are left intact. These are drawn into the weed on the shore acres of brushy saplings being arranged in long, parallel rows where the tide ebbs over them twice daily.

Gradually, the green fern-like weed collects on the branches, and doubtless there until the farmers harvest it. It is then carefully picked over and dried for future use.

## An Absent-Minded Shopper

Woman In London Store Walks Through Plate Glass Window

A woman shopper absent-mindedly walked through a plate glass window at Folkestone recently.

The woman had made a purchase at a drapery shop and was preparing to leave. At that time the back of one of the large windows was open, ready for dressing.

The customer unconsciously walked up the step leading into the window and then across the empty window floor right into the plate glass measuring 14 by 12 feet.

The window was shattered, but the customer escaped unharmed. When asked for an explanation she said she must have been thinking of something else.

## Easterners Should See West

"It's a pity more Eastern Canadian travellers do not travel through the West. They have no idea of the marvellous scenic beauty, or of western progress," in the opinion of Lady Roddick, Montreal, who has been on a seven weeks' tour of the west and Alaska—her first trip west of the Great Lakes. Marvelling at the mountains, she was yet most enthusiastic over the prairies, and the size of prairie towns she found astonishing.

## Will Raise Sheep

The Earl of Minto has recently been selling off his pure-bred cattle in order to devote his attention to sheep raising. There are already 1,500 sheep on his Alberta ranch and more will be added from time to time.

A lion performing in a circus act is worth about \$2,000. Trained tigers, bears and leopards all are valued at about that amount.

He who has everything he wants usually also has a job lot of things that he doesn't want.

One of the most essential duties of a government is the proper protection of the health of its people. This thought became so forcible in its demand for action that a Department of Health was formed at Ottawa in 1919, its primary factors being derived from other departmental branches concerned with health matters.

Since its inception the scope of the department has gradually increased, and now in Canada's Jubilee year, we find strong, concentrated effort working for the welfare of Canadians through the medium of the Health Department.

The Quarantine Service of a country stands for protection against the introduction and spread of contagious diseases. In this connection there are in operation five large completely organized quarantine stations. Every port of entry through its custom officer acts as a sub-station.

A medical inspection of immigrants is carried on at all ports of arrival and immigrants mentally and physically unfit are prohibited from entry.

Previous to the inauguration of a world-wide plan for the care of sailors who are sick or injured while on board ship, it was the practice of many vessels to land sailors at the next port and sail away, leaving them in charge on the community. To avert this publicity a tax is now imposed, according to tonnage, on all ships arriving at Maritime ports, and the Canadian Government assumes the care of all sick and injured sailors arriving at ports of entry.

The suppression and control of the narcotic drug traffic has a world-wide significance, and Canada, through this department, is well to the front in the work accomplished. Approximately 253 pounds of opium, 250 ounces of morphine and heroin and 127 ounces of cocaine were seized in Canada during the past year. No less than 368 aliens were deported from Canada for conviction for various offences under the Act.

The problem of patent medicines has for many years been a difficult one in all countries where efforts were made to systematize and control these products. Within the last few years the number of these preparations on the market under license in Canada has been reduced from approximately 50,000 to 5,500 and all preparations for which exaggerated claims are made, or those of foolish or harmful composition have been excluded.

Splendid work is being accomplished in the Child Welfare department. It is concentrating its effort on the problem of maternal mortality. Surely, the importance of this question will be brought before the physicians and the Canadian public, Publications dealing with this subject and with Child Welfare have been issued by the department.

The adulteration of food has been a prolific source of fraud for centuries. The food and drugs department of the department examines thousands of samples of food products every year in its endeavor to give the consumer exact weight or measure, and a bona fide product, as printed on the label.

Owing to the fact that the traffic on the Great Lakes and other inland waters of Canada has increased with the population, the waters of the lakes became correspondingly polluted and unsafe for human consumption. This is particularly true in the harbours and at the shore line. All vessels are now inspected and must carry pure water for the use of the passengers and crew.

## Depredations Of Rabbits

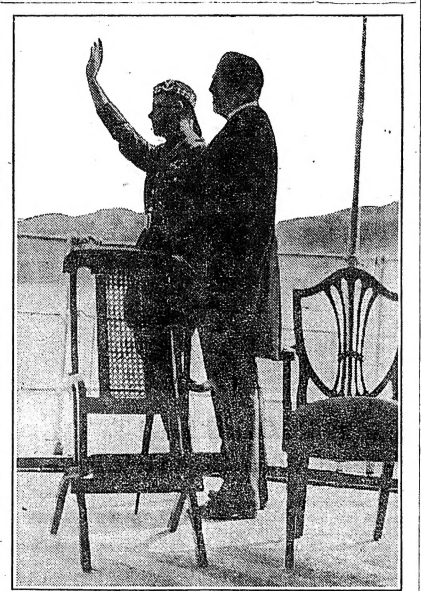
Residents in the Harbour district believe the depredations of the rabbit are again commencing their depredations on crop in stock. Last year the rabbits swarmed in from the lush when food ran low and ate up practically all the grain in stock on one farm. It is planned to set the rabbit pits and feed the carcasses to pigs.

## Report Is Denied

Officials of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine denied the report that the C.G.M. would establish a regular steamship service between Vancouver and the West Coast of Mexico and South America. It was understood at the local office that plans were under way for such a service, but it will not be operated by the merchant marine.

Friend: Why did you send that dish back if there was nothing wrong with it?

Scotman: Well, mon, if ye gie the impression that ye're not satisfied w' the service the waiter'll no expect such a big tip.



## Prince and Baldwin at Ease

This study of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and Premier Baldwin of Great Britain, was taken on the deck of the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Australia as she steamed towards the King's Wharf at Quebec where a thunderous welcome awaited the distinguished visitors. The Prince and the Premier had found a sunny spot at one end of the deck and were enjoying their first good glimpse of the Ancient Capital. Contrasting to the peacefulness of this scene the great guns from the Citadel boomed their welcome while thousands of people cheered incessantly from the gaily bedecked decks and shore line.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

London now has a telephone connection with Stockholm, Sweden.

J. Ogden Armour, head of the great packing industry bearing his name, died in London following a six weeks' illness with typhoid fever. He would have been 64 years old in November.

Great Britain and Jugoslavia have signed a debt funding agreement whereby the Jugoslavian war debt of \$127,500,000 will be paid in 62 annuities beginning this year.

The eightieth birthday of President Hindenburg is to be commemorated by the issue of stamps sold at slightly higher rates than the face value, and the profits to be devoted to charities.

Only about 5,000 people are participating in the rush to the new diamond field at Wolvordland, Transvaal, compared with 25,000 in the recent rush to Grastonfield, according to the Daily Mail's Johannesburg correspondent.

A remarkable yield in fall wheat is reported from Markham Township, Ontario, on the farm of Deputy Reeve R. L. St. Eyr, who has recently finished threshing 600 bushels of wheat of the Dawson Golden Chaff variety, from less than 13 acres of land.

Sixteen deaths from pneumonia are reported to have occurred during an epidemic on the British steamer Satal, carrying 500 immigrants from Trinidad to Calcutta, an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Capetown says.

The name Lennox has been approved for a chain of islands at the entrance to Cumberland Sound, Inland Island, Franklin district, Northwest Territories. The islands have been named after the Hon. Rodolph Lennox, the Speaker of the House of Commons, Canada.

Sacha (Yegor) Hall, Santa Maria, has confirmed reports that he was negotiating with J. F. Shar, of New York, said to represent a New York newspaper, for financial backing for a transatlantic flight in which he would be the first woman to pilot a plane in the ocean hop.

Surveys of a road route between Prince George and the boundary of Alberta, have been ordered by the public works department in the belief that this highway, as well as a road up the North Thompson river, will be needed at some time to accommodate growing travel.

## How Icebergs Are Destroyed

Method of Using Thermite Is Found Highly Successful

An iceberg of almost indescribable beauty, 500 feet long, with a hollow in the centre 30 feet in depth, having sides of porcelain white and containing an emerald-green lake 4 feet deep, was encountered by a recent iceberg demolishing party.

Armed with ropes, ice picks, axes, drills, and caudsters containing thermite, they were trying a highly successful method of destroying icebergs that endanger the trade routes of the North Atlantic.

On landing, the party drill holes into the ice and insert the chemical charge, which is fired by fuses. Thermite develops tremendous heat at a great rate, reaching as high as 5,000 degrees Fahrenheit. In a few hours the largest iceberg cracks and disintegrates with a noise resembling an earthquake.

## Storms Make Atlantic Passage Formidable

Competent Ocean Weather Bureau and Suitable Planes Will Overcome Trouble

It is not distance but storms that make the Atlantic passage formidable. It will require to be so when ships, heavier or lighter than air, are built specially for such a service, and a competent ocean weather bureau is established. Navigating skill in the air will consist largely in avoiding storms. Great Britain is contemplating a dirigible that will be used for voyages between England and Canada in 1925. A silver ship is to furnish a service to India and Australia. The presumption is that the sea will be crossed in a comparatively few years by multi-motored airplanes carrying express matter and passengers.

## Old Age Pension Scheme

An old age pension scheme will shortly be put into effect in British Columbia and the Yukon, the necessary provincial legislation having been passed. It is stated by Hon. Peter Freeman, minister of labor.

Many a shrewd man has purchased a gold brick in the form of experience.

W. N. F. 1925

## Tribute To Mr. Baldwin

Is a Patriot in the Best Sense of the Word

A very prominent man, not of Mr. Baldwin's political faith, remarked last year that the Prime Minister of Great Britain never stood out so great a figure as in the closing days of the General Strike, and that his greatness of character notably revealed itself by his magnanimous appeal when the fight was won. His words regarding the working men of his country in his recent address to the Ottawa Canadian Club again disclosed the big-hearted, sane, and generous man, patriot in the best sense of that hard-worked word.

A shrewd and successful man of business, nobody knows better than Mr. Baldwin the fallacies lying behind the doctrines preached by the militant minority of the Labor party. He has on a previous occasion pointed out the uneconomic character of the practice of restricting output and placing the unskilled and easy-going workman on a parity with the skilled and serious. The deserved and high tribute he paid to British workers as a whole, his appreciation of their difficulties, and his faith in their integrity of purpose make us understand once more how, in the perplexities and bitter strife which accompany profoundly changed conditions in the national life, England, alone among European nations, has not troubled, and is unlikely to tread, the bloody road of revolution. —Ottawa Journal.

## Canadian Teachers' Federation

Dr. Hardy, Of Toronto, Is Elected President At Annual Meeting

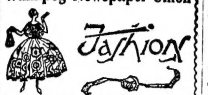
Dr. R. A. Hardy, Toronto, was unanimously elected president of the Canadian Teachers' Federation for the year 1925-26 at the closing session of the eighth annual meeting of the federation held in Toronto.

Other officers elected were: Vice-president, C. W. Ladd, Winnipeg; secretary-treasurer, M. J. Coldwell, Regina.

Two recommendations which may have considerable effect on Canadian school problems in the near future were strongly approved at the final meetings.

It was suggested that the standards of entrance to normal schools throughout the Dominion be raised and the period of training lengthened before a certificate is granted qualifying the pupil to teach.

## Winnipeg Newspaper Union



## An Attractive New Frock

This charming one-piece frock is quite simply fashioned and is an exceedingly smart style. The collar and jabots are graceful adornments and may be lined with contrasting material or the edges bound. The long sleeves are gathered to narrow wrist-bands, and the belt fastens with a buckle in front. No. 1625 is in sizes 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32 inches. Size 26 requires 2 1/2 yards 39-inch, or 2 1/2 yards 44-inch material and 1 yard 22-inch contrasting material. If the collar and jabots are lined, Price 29 cents the pattern.

## How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

.....

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Name .....

Town .....

## Enforce Food and Drug Act

Canadian Health Officers Keep Strict Check On Quality Of Supplies

"All matters pertaining to Canada's food supply are of such vital importance that Parliament has enacted legislation to prevent misrepresentation of foods as well as fraudulent or dangerous adulteration. The legislation is centered in the Food and Drug Act which is administered by the Department of Health in the public service. Its many functions in the public service," writes H. M. Lancaster, chief Dominion analyst, in an article prepared under the direction of R. J. A. Amyal, deputy minister, federal health department.

"A resume of one year's activities gives a glimpse of what is being done to prevent undesirable complications and to maintain quality and honest marketing of our food supplies, apart from agricultural inspection at production centres. Twenty-six inspectors of food and drugs were on duty throughout Canada and laboratories were opened at Ottawa, Halifax, Montreal, Winnipeg and Vancouver. In all over 10,000 samples of foods and drugs were examined. Many of these were from import shipments, others were purchased in retail stores, and still others taken direct from factories.

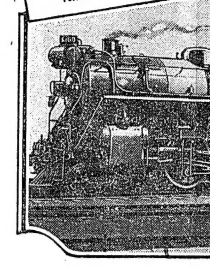
"A wide range of foods is covered by these investigations and a close watch is kept on the various brands marketed. Special attention was paid to inspection of import shipments at ports of entry. The Canadian market, which must never become a dumping ground for the refuse of other markets, was protected from inferior consignments of the most varied nature, including food dyes, package spices, wormy and moldy nutmeats, nuts, tomato paste, beans, and frosted oranges.

"Food is not destroyed unless satisfactory utilization is impossible. Destruction was found necessary for the disposal of certain seizures of de-livered baking powder (17 years old); nuts (moldy and wormy); oranges (frost-bitten and spoiled); dried apples (moldy and wormy).

"Thirty-nine prosecutions arising from adulteration of meats (including Hamburg steak and sausages), maple syrup, maple butter, molasses, candy and jams, were instituted only after the objectionable practices were found to be wilful and persistent. In many cases breaches of the law are committed through lack of knowledge, but the damage done is not extensive although it can be easily seen that matters would ultimately assume a serious aspect if it were not for the preventive action of this service.

The first successful aeroplane flight was made at Kitty Hawk, N.C., on September 17, 1903. Wilbur and Orville Wright made four flights that day, the longest lasting 59 seconds.

William—"I hear that you kissed ten boys at the party last night." Gladys—"Yes, ten—all told."



## First Ticket Out Is Issued To The Prince of Wales, Good For All Time

The first locomotive to haul a train into the new Union Station at Toronto, on the occasion of the opening of this station by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, on Saturday, August 8th, was one of the 6109 Northern Type locomotives recently placed in service by the Canadian National Railways for handling their fast passenger and mail trains. These locomotives, which are the largest in the British Empire, and of which 40 have been ordered for use on Canadian lines, are distinctively a product of Canada. With tender, their overall weight is 326 tons; length 25 feet and they are capable of developing more than 3200 horse power. It was this



J. H. McKinnon

Superintendent Canadian National Railways, Victoria, B.C., who has been transferred to Kamloops, B.C.

## The Line To Fort Churchill

No Engineering Difficulties Will Be Encountered In Laying Out New Road Bed

It is expected that the railway to Fort Churchill will be completed towards the close of 1925, said C. S. Gossack, chief engineer of the construction department of the Canadian National Railways, who has been charged by the Dominion Government with the rehabilitation and further extension of the Hudson Bay railway.

Mr. Gossack said: "At Churchill there will be no difficulty in establishing railroad terminals for any reasonable capacity required at a relatively small cost, the land being generally flat for a considerable width, giving a wide choice of location. The 150 miles of railroad construction to complete the line is generally very similar to the present H. B. railway. Soundings indicate that muskox deer and conditions of frost are the same as previously experienced."

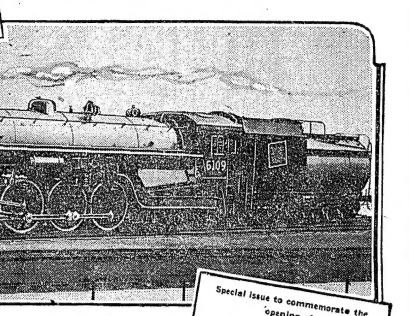
"The summer of 1925 will be employed clearing and grading the route ready for track laying, bridging and ballasting in 1926. No bridges of consequence will be encountered. The proximity to various streams and rivers assures proper drainage to the seaboard."

## A Lucky Fisherman

A jump of ambergris worth \$12,000 has been found 15 miles off shore by a fisherman of Gloucester, Mass., who was attracted to the spot by observing a flock of seagulls hovering over the water. Ambergris, a substance of the consistency of wax, is sometimes found floating in the ocean. It originates as a morbid secretion in the body of the sperm whale. It is highly valued in perfumery.

Red tape, an expression signifying official formality and delay, owes its origin to the red tape usually employed in tying up public documents.

About the only sure way to keep a secret is not to have a secret.

Largest Locomotive In The Empire  
Hauls Royal Train Into New Station

## First Ticket Out Is Issued To The Prince of Wales, Good For All Time

"Titan of the Steel Rail" which hauled the royal train from Kingston to Toronto.

On this occasion alone, the first rail ticket issued from the ticket booths of the new station was one entitling His Royal Highness to passage "Between All Stations" on the Canadian National System. Immediately after declaring the new station open, the Prince of Wales proceeded to the Canadian National Railways ticket window where he was issued "Ticket No. 1" of the issue of the new station. Tickets numbers two, three and four, were issued to Prince George, Premier Baldwin and Mrs. Baldwin, respectively.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON  
AUGUST 28

NATHAN LEADS DAVID TO REPENTANCE

Golden Text: "A broken and a contrite heart, O God, Thou wilt not despise."—Psalm 51:17.  
Lesson: 2 Samuel 11:1 to 12:25.  
Devotional Reading: Psalm 103:8-14.

## Explanations and Comments

1. Nathan's Parable, verses 1-14.—Several months have passed since David ordered the murder of Uriah and took to himself the latter's wife. Now the prophet Nathan has come, and in a graphic way, by means of a parable, he brings home to David the enormity of his sin.

There were two men in one city; one of them was rich, having exceeding many flocks and herds; the other little ewe lamb. Nathan adds one detail after another about that lamb so as to arouse the listener's sympathy for the poor man and abhorrence of the rich man's deed. He had bought and nourished it; it grew up together with him and with his children; it did eat of his own morsel, and drank of his own cup, and lay in his bosom, and was unto him as a daughter.

Then came a traveller to the rich man. "The traveller was, as Bishop Parke explains it from the Jewish writings, the evil imagination, disposition, or desire, which came into David's heart." For this wayfaring man's food the rich man seized the poor man's lamb, sparing his own flock and herd.—Matthew King.

"The rich man represented David, but David knew it neither he nor the Philistines heard of his sin. As the Philistines heard of his sin, they, like the people who are blind to their own faults only realized it, that a business the oculists would do."

If David Passes Judgment on the Deed, verses 5-6.—David supposes Nathan has brought a case to him for judgment. His anger is greatly kindled against the rich man, and this is his decision in the matter; the rich man deserves death; he who had no pity and did so foul a deed shall restore four lambs for the one (see Exodus 22:1).

"The first thing that strikes is the blindness and infatuation of the man to have missed the application of the parable. It seems an almost impossible state of self-deception which could let him dare out an indignant virtue against the supposed culprit, and never once dream that the case could apply to himself. But it is not such an impossible thing as it looks; any, it is even one of the commonest facts of morals, and one which we can easily illustrate any day among ourselves. We need not to a general statement of right and wrong, even after an unbiased judgment on the case comes that are mentioned; and yet never make the personal application."—Hugh Black.

Will Supply Canadian Bacon Cable advice from London quote Sir Laming Worthington-Evans, Secretary of State for War, as stating in the House of Commons that Canadian bacon is now being supplied to the troops in Great Britain, and would also be tried out at various overseas stations.

The reason why a chicken crosses the street has been discovered. It is the same reason as that which makes a driver try to beat the train to the crossing.

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Friendship  
Will Endure

Britain and U.S. May Disagree On Some Questions But Will Never Quarrel

If any person has been nursing a fear, following the collapse of the naval conference at Geneva, that the relations between British and the United States would not continue friendly, he had a reassuring answer in that great international gathering at the dedication on Sunday of the new peace bridge between Buffalo and Fort Erie, Ont. That bridge, thousands of people from the two nations gathered to witness the ceremonies and the distinguished men who spoke proclaimed to the world that the peace bonds between the two great Anglo-Saxon nations had not been shattered, nor even strained, by the failure of the naval conference to reach an agreement.

The speeches of the Prince of Wales, the Prime Minister of Great Britain, the Premier of Canada and the Vice-President of the United States, all breathed forth Anglo-American friendship. Vice-President Dawes, after dealing with the Geneva issue, made this emphatic statement: "Twice between the English-speaking peoples is founded as firmly as the bed of rocks, which supports the new peace bridge, and which it was based 'on common instincts and ideals.' Continuing, he said: 'The instinct of self-preservation—the most deep-seated of mankind—binds us together, and in that unbroken tie is the ultimate guarantee of safety and progress of western civilization. That bond will never break.'"

We think that Mr. Dawes hit the nail on the head when he said that peace between the English-speaking peoples was based on common instincts and ideals, and that the instinct of self-preservation bound the two peoples together in a bond that will never break. A friendship so based is as enduring as time. Confidences may fail, but such a friendship will never change. There may be a momentary resentment but after the smoke of battle—verbal, not physical—has rolled away, the two peoples will realize that their safety and the progress of humanity depends upon their sticking together.

Following so soon after the disagreement at Geneva, the dedication of the new peace bridge was a declaration to the world that Anglo-American friendship is a genuine thing, and that propagandists who seek to separate the two peoples will have their work for nothing.

## A Real Menace

Motorists Who Demand Right To Speed Have Spoiled Driving For Pleasure

Today there is a great demand for high-powered cars. Speed seems to be the most essential thing demanded by the motorists.

The Department of Highways recognized this early in the year, and in answer to public demand on the part of motorists raised the speed limit on country roads from twenty-five to thirty-five miles an hour, but motorists are not satisfied with the new limit. They are purchasing cars capable of much greater speed, and they are demanding the right to use the power stowed up in their motors.

This is an indication of the present age—the speed age—and there are those who look for an increase in legal speed limit in the years to come. Each year cars are travelling faster on the highways, and with this increased speed the dangers and perils of motor traffic are becoming immensely greater.

There are some motorists who are gradually giving up the pleasures of a country drive, and who are even refusing to drive their cars in the cities as a result of this tendency on the part of the general public to go faster and faster.—Chatham News.

## So This Is Chicago

A Canadian in Chicago had his new car and a set of golf clubs stolen at a public golf course. A few days later the culprit was discovered, and a search of his home revealed the car and his clubs. Naturally one would have expected that immediate prosecution would follow. Nothing of the kind.

The Canadian hired a lawyer, who advised him to drop proceedings and advise the affair under his hat. It was hinted that if he wished to avoid having his golf club with a knife or having his club perforated by a bullet, that was the wisest thing to do.

"Young man, does your mother know you smoke?"

"Lady, does your husband know you stop to speak strange men at the street?"

Failure falls as strenuously as success succeeds.



## CRITICISM OF THE POLICY OF EMPIRE MARKET BOARD

Ottawa.—A strong criticism of the Empire Marketing Board by Hon. C. A. Dunning, Minister of Railways and Canals and a member of the board, featured the dinner given by the Canadian Government to the visiting members of the British Press Association.

Mr. Dunning, who proposed the toast to the guests, said he had not yet been impressed with the fact that the Empire Marketing Board had gotten far enough away from the old idea—a policy of colonial days—that it was the business of the colonies and dominions to raise the raw materials to be shipped to the central market to be manufactured and that it was the duty of the colonies and dominions to buy the manufactured articles. Mr. Dunning held that the idea was good in the old days but no longer held in the days of self-governing dominions. He asked the visitors how many of them would be content to raise the raw materials and develop the natural resources, unless they manufactured the finished product at home, and said he had pleaded with the British manufacturers to transfer to the dominions plants and portions of plants and their artisan genius, rather than to allow others, sometimes outside of the Empire, to gain a control of manufacturing in the dominions which might possibly become permanent.

"Is it better," he asked, "to lose the business than to come to the market where the business is and manufacture commodities suitable to the market?"

Mr. Dunning referred to himself as a living example of what Canada held in store for the British manufacturer. He wanted to say, he said, that Canada treated those determined to adapt and adjust themselves well. The Dominion did not want immigrants whose first thought was "What will the Government do for me?" Canada wanted immigrants who were not determined to lean on the Government but who were willing to support it.

Hon. Fernand Minoret, Secretary of State, presided at the dinner and welcomed the visiting newspapermen on behalf of the Dominion Government.

"It will be of great benefit if we are on an understanding of view which will enable us to meet on a common ground," he said, referring to relations within the Empire.

John Sidney King, president of the Press Association, referred to Mr. Dunning's remarks regarding the Empire Marketing Board and said that work at present was largely in an experimental stage. One function of the board was to teach Canadian producers to pack goods in a manner suitable to the British market.

Canada, he added, must send the best of her produce to the British market and it must be delivered in the best possible condition. He foresaw great results from the efforts of the board.

### Flight Across Prairies

Non-Stop Flight From Winnipeg To High River In Eight Hours

Calgary.—Eight hours after he left Winnipeg, Flying Officer T. M. Shields of the Royal Canadian Air Force, landed at High River, completing a non-stop flight in which he averaged well over 100 miles per hour during the 500-mile journey. He experienced no trouble during the time that he was in the air.

Distance travelled by Flying Officer Shields equals about one-third the total flying distance between Montreal and Vancouver and illustrates the possibilities of aviation in this country. The whole width of the prairies was traversed in eight hours without a stop.

The aviator travelled alone and carried enough gasoline for 10 hours flying at a height of 1,500 miles. His plane was a 100-horsepower and will be tested out here as to its suitability for forest patrol work. It is a later type than others at the High River station. During the past few weeks it has been used in Manitoba for spraying grain fields with rust preventive chemicals.

#### Only One Graduate

Stamton.—A supervisor of the Virginia state board of education recently had to travel 176 miles to address a graduating class composed of one person. He gave the diploma to Miss Ruth Hickman, at Millboro. Had the senior class been only organized, she would have been president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer.

W. N. U., 1925

### Poultrymen Visit Edmonton

Trip Through West Proving Enjoyable and Educational

Edmonton.—Representing 18 different countries, the delegates from the World Poultry Congress, recently held at Ottawa, arrived at Edmonton, all mostly tired from long train journeys and anticipating a good rest in the city during the day.

Hon. J. S. Martin, Minister of Agriculture for Ontario, is one of the poultry Congress tourists visitors who had not been before in Edmonton. He was a caller at the Parliament buildings during the morning and compared notes for a short time with George Headley, Alberta running mate, Hon. George Headley.

A story of good crops all across Canada is told by the Ontario minister. In his own province the fruit yield is only fair, but grain and other crops are excellent, with a particularly noticeable increase in the acreage under tobacco, he said.

Mr. Martin was greatly struck by the appearance of the wheat fields along the railway between Saskatoon and Edmonton and liked the summer following that he saw there and elsewhere in the West. The whole trip through the West is proving both enjoyable and educational, he says, not only to the members of the touring party who come from other countries but to Canadians, like himself, who are accompanying them.

### Harvest Help Arriving

Large Quota From Eastern Canada and British Columbia

Winnipeg, Man.—The great tide of harvesters will soon be flowing over the prairies. Arrangements have been completed for the handling of the thousands who will come from Eastern Canada, according to officials of the Canadian National Railway, and there will be no delay in getting them to the points where they are most needed. British Columbia, which will send 6,000 this year has already begun its movement, 200 being on the way now from Vancouver and fifty from Victoria, and others will follow during the next few days.

Eastern Canada will contribute 25,000 men to the harvest this year, it is estimated. Manitoba needs 9,000, and can get 6,000 locally; Saskatchewan asks for 40,000 of which half are available locally, and Alberta needs 18,000 of which 8,000 must come from outside the province. British Columbia has 6,000 available.

### Turk Monument At Gallipoli

Turkish Government To Erect Memorial To Countrymen Who Perished In War

Gallipoli, Turkey.—The Turkish government is to erect a memorial to the heroes of Gallipoli to the 100,000 Turks who perished in the Great War campaign there.

According to a member of the Construction Committee it will be such proportions "that it will make existing monuments erected by the Allies seem no more than insignificant bits of stone."

It will be 132 feet high and \$26,000 already has been appropriated by the Ministry of Defence for its construction.

### Norwegian Emigrants Coming To Canada

Quota For U.S. Is Limited and Dominion Benefits

St. Paul, Minn.—Canada is getting the emigrants of Norway, Christian Anderson, an employee of the University of Minnesota agricultural school here, started on his return from a visit to his native land.

"Under the immigration law of the United States, the Norwegian quota is only a fraction of the number that would like to come here," Anderson said.

"Canada has been quick to see the point," he said, "and has agents in Norway."

#### Bear wrecks Sedan

Ashford, Wash.—A picnic party in Rainier National Park returned to their parked car after a short hike and found a large bear clambering onto the top. The top of the sedan gave way under the animal's weight and let it down into the canyon, where it smashed its way to freedom. All of the car except the chassis was demolished.

#### Forest Fires In Buffalo Reserve

Edmonton.—Fire rangers have been ordered to the Buffalo reserve near Fort Smith where a fierce forest fire is said to be blazing. The herds of wood and plains buffalo maintained there by the Dominion Government face a lean winter if the acres of wild hay are destroyed.

### Editors Touring Canada

British Party Will Cover Dominion From Coast To Coast

Montreal.—British newspaper owners and editors to the number of 90, members of the party which is touring Canada, arrived at Montreal from Quebec after completing a tour of the Maritimes and before returning to the Old Land will cover Canada from coast to coast.

"When we get back to Europe again, Canada's story will be told throughout the length and breadth of Great Britain," said John Sidney King, president of the British Newspaper Society. "After such a journey as this we can never again rest bringing in the name of Canada at every opportunity. Before we left Canada to many of us, was just a patch of red on the map of the world. Now we are seeing its amazing proportions and developments for ourselves."

## HOW JOHN JINKS SAVED LIFE OF COSGRAVE GOVT.

Dublin. John Jinks, who made his name a household one in Ireland by walking out of the Dail and saving the life of the Cosgrave Government by failing to record his vote, was neither kidnapped nor spirited away.

"I simply walked out of the Dail. I was neither kidnapped nor spirited away," Jinks said this evening. "For the sake of the stability of my constituents I thought it was better to retain the present Government."

Jinks thought the result of the division, which was in favor of the Cosgrave Government only by the narrow margin of one vote cast by the Speaker in break a tie, was a good thing for Ireland.

His action in failing to vote as his colleagues of the National League (Radicalism) did—against the Government—is likely to result in his expulsion from his party.

The first suggestion that Mr. Jinks might have been kidnapped was contained in a despatch to The Evening Star from its Dublin correspondent, who said that Jinks supported the resolution to vote against the Government adopted at a party caucus recently.

His action in failing to vote as his colleagues must have resulted from his being spirited away, unless he had been overcome by a sudden illness.

#### Greetings Were Delayed

St. Paul, Minn.—Christmas greetings for 1925 are being received by about 200 friends of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Jackson. Jackson found the bundle of unopened cards under the seat of his automobile recently and dropped them in a mail box. He had carried them in the car since last December.



### Dances to the Wind

"Moving to Melody" of wind in the pines and thundering waters that tumble down the Giant's Steps in Paradise Valley. The beautiful dancer is Miss Mona France and the stage with its rugged setting is to be found not far from the Chateau LaLoche in the Canadian Rockies where Miss France has been holidaying.

## TENSE SITUATION IN CHINA OVER AVIATION POLICY

Shanghai.—In the midst of an increasing chaos in both the military and political situations in the Yangtze Valley, an incident arising out of the forced landing of a British military aeroplane on Chinese territory has developed a tense situation between the Chinese authorities and the British Expeditionary Force here.

Although the particular spot where the plane landed was held by Chinese soldiers and was the Chinese golf course, this land, nevertheless lies outside the international settlement of Shanghai. The Chinese authorities have repeatedly protested against British airmen flying over and all Chinese territory, whether used by foreigners who play golf or by Chinese generals for manoeuvring.

Dr. C. C. Wu, Minister of Foreign Affairs for the Nanking Nationalist Government, announced that the Chinese intend to sue the incident for a show-down in the matter of flights over Chinese territory.

"The British in the eyes of the Chinese and international law are criminals as regards their aviation policy in China," Dr. Wu said, adding that although the Chinese had not the force to meet British "imperialism" they intended to let the world know what the British were doing.

The aeroplane incident has resulted in British demands for the return of the wings of the plane, the only parts of the machine that a Royal Air Force detachment had not carried off safely before Chinese troops arrived.

When the Chinese refused to restore the wings, Major-General John Duncan, the British commander ordered the railway between Shanghai, Hangchow and Ningpo to be cut south of Soochow Creek and British troops were posted at strategic points around the city, thus re-occupying the posts held by them during the troubles several months ago which followed the capture of Shanghai by the Nationalists.

#### Noted Artist Dead

London.—Richard Caton Woodville, English artist, known for his battle paintings, was found shot in his studio and died on the way to the hospital. He was born in London, January 7, 1855, and was educated in Germany. He exhibited his first picture in the Royal Academy in 1879, since which he has been represented annually. He painted several large pictures in Windsor Castle for the Queen. He also wrote articles on art and travel.

#### For Protection Of Air Pilots

London.—Piracy on the high seas and highway robbery are now things of the past, and air pirates are the danger of today. To meet this new menace, the pilots of billion-carrying aircraft of the British Imperial Airways Limited are being armed with revolvers.

### Alberta Coal For East

Outlook More Favorable For Shipments To Ontario This Fall

Toronto.—Following a conference here between Mayor Foster, Property Commissioner Chisholm of Toronto and Howard Stuehrbach, trade commissioner of Alberta, the outlook becomes more optimistic for shipment to Toronto and Ontario generally of Alberta coal.

"As the railway commission is now considering the question of fixing rates on Alberta coal for shipment to eastern points we have every hope that we are going to get a rate this year," said Mr. Stuehrbach, "and there is going to be a free movement of coal from Alberta to Ontario. The railway board, I expect, will make its findings before the end of the month and the Government will have to take action after that. We feel pretty certain that the finding will be satisfactory. I am basing that statement on the evidence submitted."

### Estate Worth Thirty Million

Brothers and Sisters Of Arthur Walker Receive Large Share

New York.—The will of Arthur T. Walker, heir to the fortune of Edward F. Scarsie, Methuen, Mass., re-estate, leaves the bulk of his \$30,000,000 estate to his four sisters and two brothers. The will, which was filed in Brooklyn, also provided a \$200,000 bequest to Walker's secretary, E. L. Rudd. Mr. Walker, who was a native of Chatham, Ont., was buried in that city last Saturday.

Walker's secretary was bequeathed \$75,000 in the original will dated Feb. 14, 1923, but in a codicil dated June 26, 1925, the amount was increased to \$200,000.

The secretary was named sole executor without bond. There were numerous bequests ranging from \$3,000 to \$25,000 to friends.

### Used Flashlight When Lighting Plant Failed

New York Doctor Forced To Perform Operation Under Difficulties

New York.—Mrs. Violet Moore, of Jersey City, is recovering from an operation for appendicitis performed by the light of an electric flashlight in a hospital during a electric storm. The doctor just administered the anaesthetic when a host of lightning extinguished every electric light in the hospital. Dr. Nuttall, the surgeon, called for some sort of light and Miss Mary Reed, hospital superintendent, found a flashlight. For an hour and ten minutes the surgeon worked under his rays until the operation was completed. Mrs. Moore was taken from the operating room just as the electric light flashed on again.

## BRITISH PREMIER TO PAY VISIT TO CANADA AGAIN

Hullax.—"We have loved every minute of our time. We are tired, of course, because we have worked hard," Premier Baldwin told the citizens of Hullax in his parting address. "I have given every minute of my time to Canada, and when I am through with the duties of my present post I will come again," he added.

The addresses of welcome by the province and by the city were, said Mr. Baldwin, "steeped in the history of this continent and couched in language to warm the heart of an Englishman." The Prime Minister took exception to two words in address: Nova Scotia had called his visit a holiday and Hullax called it recreation. He felt as though he might have to go back to England to work in order to get a little rest.

On the claim of office worn by the mayor was the date 1729.

"I can almost remember that far back," said Mr. Baldwin. "As it is, I do remember that those were as gloomy and as depressing years as Great Britain ever passed through. And through those years this city stood as a sentinel. It was the one spot where the flag was never lowered and it is the spot where it will never be lowered so long as the flag flies anywhere. It was here that the Royalists came to take shelter—that magnificent stock, tried in every fire, which became the parents of this part of the life of the people of today."

"I read with great interest the report of the commission under the chairmanship of Sir Andrew B. Duncan," the Premier continued. "I trust the report of that report may be to increase the prosperity of these provinces."

## COAST PROVINCE MOURNS PASSING OF AGED PREMIER

Victoria, B.C.—Death, feared by his friends since he underwent a serious operation several months ago, claimed Premier John Oliver, and removed from the active political life of British Columbia one of the province's strongest and most cherished leaders.

Premier Oliver had been in ill health since his return from the Mayo Hospital, Rochester, Minn., last spring, but his death came with startling suddenness. The Premier passed away before his doctor, who was hastily summoned, could reach his bedside.

Since the middle of July, Premier Oliver had been relieved of the active duties of his office following a caucus of the Liberal members, when Hon. J. D. MacLean, minister of finance and education, was chosen acting prime minister and leader designate of the Liberal Party in British Columbia.

During his years in office as chief minister, continuously since March, 1918, to his death, Premier Oliver introduced many measures in social legislation; land and settlement laws, and improvements to the educational system of the Province.

For the past five years a considerable portion of his time and attention was directed toward the prosecution of British Columbia's claims for freight rate reductions, and better terms from the Dominion.

A square-built man of enormous strength, he was proud of his homelife and delighted in recalling the days of his pioneer life on bush farms in Ontario and British Columbia. A forceful speaker and ready debater, he loved a political argument and was never happier than when crossing swords with some opponent worthy of his steel across the floor of the Legislature. He possessed a ready wit and a keen sense of humor, delighting in and applauding any good natured thrust at himself from his opponents.

### Trade Treaty Signed

France and Germany Come To Agreement To Meet On Treaty

Paris.—France and Germany have placed their signatures on a commercial treaty, based largely on most favored nation tariffs, after three years of frequently interrupted negotiations.

It is a complex arrangement of several thousand clauses, effective September 1. By the treaty France will get better terms on agricultural products, textiles, shoes, machinery, tools, articles, and porcelain, while Germany will benefit on chemicals, machinery, electrical goods, cement and leather work. Most favored nation treatment will be applied for both sides by December 15, 1925, at the latest.

France was the long contested right to export a limited amount of wines to Germany on favorable terms.

### Wins Pacific Air Race

Art. Goebel, Hollywood Stunt Flyer, Takes First Prize

Wheeler Field, Honolulu.—Making a perfect landing at Wheeler Field, United States army aviation field 25 miles from Honolulu, the monoplane Woodcock, piloted by Art Goebel, Hollywood, Calif., stunt flyer, landed here to win first prize of \$25,000 in the Duke air derby from Oakland, Cal., the first of its kind ever held.

Nearly two hours later Martin Jensen, only Honolulu entrant, piloting the monoplane Aloha, descended amid the thousands of spectators at the field, winner of the \$10,000 offered for second prize.

#### Need Considerable Margin

Zurich.—New air records in the future will be considered only when existing ones are exceeded by a considerable margin, under a modification of rules approved by the International Aeronautic Federation. Thus the existing duration record of 52 hours 23 minutes, made recently in Germany, must be beaten by at least one hour for the new record to be officially registered.

#### British Colliery Losses Heavy

London.—British collieries have lost 5,000,000 pounds since the beginning of the year until the end of June, and the losses which are growing monthly are due to the glut of coal on the continent and fierce competition. In an effort to regain markets lost the result of that report may be to increase the prosperity of these provinces.

## Insurance For Unemployed

Dole in England Has Been Earned Says Premier Baldwin

If there are still those in Canada who regard Great Britain as a "dole" as a measure of Lloyd-Georgean socialism, they will doubtless be surprised to read what Premier Baldwin said about it at Ottawa. He pointed out that it is not really a dole at all, but a return for "something paid down." He said:

"There was introduced, not a dole, but a very comprehensive scheme of unemployment insurance which covered eleven millions of workers. It is a compulsory scheme. The employers and the workmen have to contribute, and the state contributes, but the employers and the working people contribute most, and in the course of the last financial year the contribution of the employers and the workmen amounted to thirty-four million pounds sterling and the state paid thirteen million pounds sterling."

This, said Mr. Baldwin, is not a dole but an insurance. "When a man who has contributed and whose employer has contributed and for whom the state has contributed funds himself out of work and takes an insurance payment week after week, that payment has been earned; it is not charity."

It is true that the system has been carrying a large overdraft owing to disorganization in the coal and other trades. The size of this fluctuates; at one time something like thirty millions, reduced to six or seven millions before last year's general strike, and now over twenty millions. "But," said the premier, "we are working it off and we shall work it off, and when it is worked off the unemployment insurance will, I hope, function in the normal way. In any event the men are paying for benefits which they get. In those most gloomy times they are apt to overdraw those benefits, and they are allowed to overdraw them, but they have to pay them back and they will pay them back."

This hearty approval of unemployment insurance voiced by the Conservative premier of Great Britain should encourage it to come in Canada who have hitherto looked askance at it. Canada has already gone part of the way on the road to social reform, with mothers' allowances, workmen's compensation and old age pensions approved in at least some of her provinces. But there is much yet to be done. State health insurance and state unemployment insurance are two of the measures which Canada should study with a view to adopting them at some not too distant date in the form best suited to this country's needs.—Toronto Star.

## Prince Has Many Titles

But Best One Is "Good Sportsman and Good Fellow"

The world is so full of phony titles it may be well to speak of a young man who has a few real ones. He is the Prince of Wales, the smiling Edward, who has just been made a Knight of the Most Illustrious Order of St. Patrick.

When the butler calls him to dinner now he may, if he is a stickler for full titles, address him as follows:

"Your Royal Highness, Edward Albert Christian George Andrew Patrick David, Prince of Wales, Earl of Chester, Duke of Cornwall, Duke of Rothesay, Earl of Carrick, Baron of Renfrew, Lord of the Islands, Prince of the Islands, Prince of Scotland, K. G., K. T., G. C. S. I., G. M. G., G. C. I. E., G. O. V. O., G. M. B. E., M. C., Knight of the Garter, Knight of the Thistle, Knight of St. Patrick, Knight of the Bath, dinner is served."

The Prince, however, has earned a title which is better than all the rest. It is the title G. S. and G. F., Good Sportsman and Good Fellow. He wears it heroically.

## There's a Reason

Little Girl (looking over newspaper advertisement): "Mamma, why do all those boarding houses object to children?"

Fond Mother: "I'm sure I don't know. Go and see what baby is having for lunch, and tell Johnny to stop throwing things at people in the street, and make George and Kate stop hitting and tell Dick if he doesn't stop banging that drum so hard I'll take it away from him."

Henry: "After hearing you speak so fondly of your first husband I doubt if you could consider me for a substitute."

The widow: "Yes, I would for a minute, but not for a second."

"You say your car was stolen last week. Then why didn't you notify the police and recover it?"

"My wife was in it."

W N U 1625

## Value Work Of The Mounted Police

Many Difficulties Are Encountered in Performing Their Duty

Constable R. L. Treloar, of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, arrived recently at Haliburton, Ont., with a demoted Indian woman whom he brought from Attawapiskat Post, 200 miles beyond Moose Factory. The long journey was made under trying circumstances, the party having to use a canoe for 21 days, the last stage being on the Pigeon River to rail on the C.N.R. Winnipeg line. Such an adventure would be a hardship for men not trained in frontier work under ordinary bush conditions, but in the actual circumstances the difficulties must have been singularly great. The Mounted Police, however, are a hardy lot of men and are used to such labors, as contemporary points out, in a reference to the incident. Each year certain of the members have to make patrols of a thousand miles or more, spring, summer, autumn, and winter. They have to hunt missing trappers, go after, had Indians and equally bad whites, give assistance to dwellers in the northern wilderness who need medical aid or who have run short of provisions and assist the provincial police, of the prairie provinces, in policing the northern solitudes. They take the census in regions not touched by the regular forces of authority and generally see that the law of the land is kept. The Mounted Police, indeed, have made the Arctic regions of Canada safe for residents and visitors, and their uniform is held in the highest respect by inhabitants. Even in the days of the great Klondike gold rush a quarter of a century ago the then Royal Northwest Mounted Police created such respect for the law that the famous mining camps, with the polychrome population, were as safe as the streets of the oldest towns of Canada.

The extent of the work of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police may be realized from the fact that between 25,000 and 30,000 cases are dealt with annually. The force maintains law and order in the Northwest Territories, in the Yukon Territory, in the National Parks, and in Indian reserves. It also acts for the Federal Government in the settled parts of Canada and has made a reputation for dealing with the drug traffic in such cities as Montreal and Vancouver, which are its strongholds. At the end of 1925 the R.C.M.P. was composed of 52 officers, 210 non-commissioned officers and men, and 260 horses. It is an adventurous body that has still most important duties to perform in the outskirts and to beyond, despite the growth and spreading out of the population of the Dominion.—Regina Leader.

## The Art Of Royalty

Has To Be Acquired And Much Training Is Necessary

There is an art of royalty which, like any other art, has to be acquired, and for which assiduous training is necessary. Merely to refrain from showing signs of boredom in the presence of well-meaning and well-to-do but tiresome persons is in itself an attainment in which some of us would have to confess our deficiencies. It must be difficult to keep alert an interest in things which are meant to be entertaining but are not, to listen unflinchingly to dull persons saying dull things in a perfunctory manner, to suffer fools gladly and overlook social offenses which are evidently committed for want of knowing better. To be able invariably to do the right thing in face of such trials is part of the art of royalty. It is, in its way, as delicate an artistic acquirement as to be able to draw a fine line with a pencil or play a phrase finely on a violin. An art, too, is not merely something which charms; it also stimulates, and awakens a desire to emulate. In that sense the art of royalty should exercise an influence for good.

## Trick Was No Good

A musician, standing on the stage, was about to do one of his great tricks, but needed some assistance from the audience.

"If some body will come up on the stage," he announced, "I will stand her upon that pedestal and make her disappear."

"If you can wait a minute," cried a man in the stalls, "I'll buzz home and get my wife."

Payton on attention to the interpreter, the conjurer continued, "I'll make her disappear and then bring her back again."

"Oh, if that's all," yelled the man who had interrupted, "never mind my wife."

The population of Japan increased 510,000 last year.

Some men are known by the friends they fail to make.

## Depths To Plough Loamy Soil

Little Difference In Crop Yield Whether Shallow Or Deep Ploughing Practiced

For soils of fair depth and of a light loamy character there appears to be little difference in the crop yield whether the land is ploughed comparatively shallow or a good depth. For four years experimental work to determine the value of ploughing at different depths has been carried on at the Leamoville Quebec Station. Mr. J. A. McClary, the superintendent of that station, in his report for that year, which is obtainable at the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, points out that there appears to be nothing to choose between the two methods from the standpoint of crop yield. The depths of five inches on the one hand and seven inches on the other were used. The crops grown in rotation consisted of corn, oats, clover, and timothy. The timothy sod was ploughed for corn and the corn stubble for oats. The average yields for the four years of corn and oats grown on the areas so treated were practically identical. That is to say, the yield was 11.06 in each case for corn and 17.8 and 17.3 bushels respectively for the oats, the slight advantage in the oats being secured from the shallower soil.

## Had Different Meaning

Irish Sergeant Not Used To Officer's Fancy Language

There was an English officer in an Irish regiment who was very fond of using language that might have been used in the Middle Ages. One day a recruit came on parade with a very dirty face. The Englishman, shocked at the dirt of the man, ordered his sergeant to take him down to the river or that was close by and "have" him there.

After a long time the sergeant returned alone.

"Faith, sir," he said to the officer, "it was lucky that poor lad was a good swimmer or else he'd have been drowned long before he'd got to the other bank."

"But, good Lord!" exclaimed the officer, "surely you didn't leave him in the river?"

"And why not, sir? Didn't you bid me to take him to the water and 'have' him there?"

Substitute For Gasoline

Invention of a substitute for gasoline which may solve the problem of a concentrated fuel for long distance aviation is claimed by Senhor Ramon Ribeiro, a Portuguese engineer. The fuel, it is claimed, has 80 per cent greater efficiency than gasoline.

He was bowing her to tears when he came her dog.

"Ah," he exclaimed, "have you taught him any more tricks since I was here last?"

"Yes," she said sweetly, "if you whistle he'll bring you your hat."

Scotmen average 5 feet 8½ inches in height; Irishmen, 5 feet 8 inches; Englishmen, 5 feet 7½ inches; and Welshmen, 5 feet 6½ inches.

North—"How do you divide your time between work to play?"

West—"I work all I must and play all I can."

## Devoted To Own Land

Anglo-Saxon Loves His Country But Is a Great Wanderer

When John Howard Payne wrote his immortal song, "Home, Sweet Home," he gave expression to a universal instinct latent in the hearts of every human being, irrespective of color, race or climate. The instinct to cling to the place of one's birth and to reverence it as the dearest spot on earth is known to all. It is this call of home that has been responsible for establishing in various towns throughout the Province in recent years "Old Home Week," which brings thousands of men and women back to the place of their birth to renew old friendships and revisit old scenes, while in the larger cities the various "Old Boys' Societies" are keeping alive the flame of remembrance and strengthening the ties that bind men and women to their home.

It is one of the paradoxes in the British character that, while the Anglo-Saxon has ever been the world's greatest nomad, and has wandered over the whole earth, widening as he went the bounds of Empire in his self-imposed exile, he has at the same time cherished the most passionate devotion to his own land, to which he invariably hopes one day to return and "settle down." But it seldom happens that way with the exile who wanders far afield. He generally lives and dies far from his own country and kin; so far separated from his "ah, folk," indeed, that scarcely the same stars look down on them, only the mighty Empire of which he scattered seeds and daughters form a part giving them at the last a common heritage.

## Wardrobe Of Late

Czar's Family Stored

Russian Government Is Preserving Costly Gowns And Uniforms

Hundreds of costly gowns worn by the late Czarina and her daughters, the Grand Duchesses Olga, Tatiana, Maria, and Anastasia, and dozens of uniforms belonging to the former Czar and Czaravitch, are being preserved in spacious Alexandrovsky Palace at Carskoye Selo, now rechristened Detskoye Selo.

There are Park-made dresses, many of them richly embroidered and trimmed, with sable, ermine, white and blue fox, and Oriental and court dresses, the latter with long trains embroidered with silver and gold on white moire silk.

Practically every regiment of the Czarist Army and many foreign ones, of which Nicholas II was Honorary Commander, are represented in the collection of uniforms and national costumes belonging to the young Czaravitch.

"Mummy, isn't that monkey like Uncle George?"

"Hush, darling, you mustn't say things like that!"

"But the monkey can't understand can he, mummy?"

The hard part isn't being poor, but trying to make ends meet while living as the rich do.

Except for certain ages, animals are immune from measles.

## Tall Story From Wales

Monks Drove Satan From Their Country Into England According To Tradition

America does not possess all the tall tales in existence. Wales has some, look you, and tradition declares the following to be quite true.

Near beautiful Tintern Abbey, on the Wye, there is an enormous cairn overhung by branches of yew, which is known locally as the "Devil's Pulpit."

Here, states local tradition, in the early days, His Satanic Majesty used to stand and preach atrocious morals to the Cistercian monks.

One day, growing bold and throwing caution to the winds, the Devil, taking his tall under his arm, stepped down from the rock and hob-nobbed with the white-robed monks. Not content with this, he suggested that he should preach them a sermon, a special one, from the roof-loft of the Abbey.

The monks, so run the tale, agreed to this, but when the Devil appeared in the Abbey they swamped him in holy water and clapping his tall between his legs, he scampered off. Nor stopping wall he crossed the river and reached England.

So now you know why there is no Devil in Wales, England's got him.

## Ignorance Means Ill-Health

Two Travel Hand In Hand Says Dr. W. W. Peter

Ignorance, ill-health and low physical standards travel hand in hand, according to natural education sketches presented to delegates to the biennial convention of the World Federation of Education Associations at Toronto, by Dr. W. W. Peter, secretary to the American Public Health Association.

In China, where illiteracy is 95 per cent, health education is at zero, Dr. Peter said. The child death rate there is from 25 to 40 per 1,000. China's illiteracy is the highest. Germany, with only 1.8 per cent of illiterates, has the lowest death rate. England ranks second lowest with 2.5 per cent of illiterates; France has 3.5 per cent; the United States, 7.5 per cent; and Japan 10 per cent.

In the Philippine Islands, only 35 per cent of more than 10,000 children examined were found free from physical defects.

## Manitoba Wheat Pool

Total deliveries of wheat to the Manitoba Pool during the past year were 16,038,885 bushels and 12,755,261 bushels of coarse grains. This compares with a total of 25,201,515 of all grains in 1925. To handle this year's wheat crop the Pool will operate between 55 and 60 elevators. Twenty-eight agencies were established in 15 importing countries and the grain was consigned to 50 different ports.

She—"Isn't you think their wedding presents made a striking display?"

He—"They certainly would have if the eleven parlor clocks had all been going."

They (on the telephone)—"Well, didn't I tell you four times already what I mean? Don't you understand?"

Able—"No! I can't see your hands!"

## Proposes Silence Crusade In France

Idea, Started In France Might Be Followed By Other Countries

A proposal has been made in France to start a silent crusade which shall start for a week and so induce some diminution of the noise from which Paris suffers. Every nation has its own noises, and those to which it is not accustomed seem louder than the rest, with the result that the Englishman thinks Paris noisy, while the Frenchman can hardly bear London. At the same time, there are special noises in France resulting from the long tradition which, in addition to those produced by mechanical traction, are beginning to make life almost unbearable. The habit of the communicating room makes bedrooms very noisy in France, or at least makes the peacelessness of one room depend upon the neighbor in the next. Similarly, the cobble-street is continuously productive of noise in spite of the increase of rubber tires. A good deal of French street work is done at night, and French authorities seem to put no obstacle in the way of a loud metallic hammering or drilling, than which nothing is more nerve-racking. Pairs are allowed in important thoroughfares for weeks at a time, and they wake up, with all their blare and other noises, at a time when most people are thinking of bed.

The silence crusade is partly against loud voices, of which everybody knows the effect in bus or tube. It is against banging doors and in general making oneself a nuisance to other people. The worst of concentrating on silence is, of course, that one immediately becomes ultra-sensitive to noise, and vocal displays and instrumental and other personal manifestations can become almost unbearable. Worst of all, perhaps, is the other person's loud speaker. It is possible to bear the impersonality of the heavy roar and even of the drilling machine, because they are at least unintentional. But a silence crusade, resulting in a good still law, would find thousands of advocates in every country, where it directed against this newest and most poisonous form of mental torture.

## Wettest Spot In America

Point In British Columbia Is Said To Hold The Record

Death Valley, in the great California desert, is famous as the driest place in North America. There probably is just as much distinction in being the wettest, and yet for people probably know that the rainfall last year at Henderson Lake, near the west coast on Vancouver Island, totaled more than twenty-three feet.

According to F. Napier Denison, superintendent of the provincial weather service, Henderson Lake is the wettest spot in North America, and probably holds the record by a comfortable — or uncomfortable — as the case may be — margin. Henderson Lake is extremely wet because it lies at the foot of a mountain which releases the rain clouds as they go scudding in from the Pacific laden with moisture.

British Columbia has several other wet spots, boasting a phenomenal rainfall. Lockport on the Queen Charlotte Islands, had a rainfall of 251 inches last year. Ocean Falls had 176 inches. Prince Rupert and Vancouver, usually regarded as having a heavy rainfall, are more "driers" when compared to these places. Prince Rupert's rain last year totaled 91 inches, and Vancouver 53 inches. The snow record for British Columbia is held by the Premier Inn in the Portland Canal district. It had 39 feet of snow last winter.

## Homestead Entries

Homestead entries made for Dominion lands in the four Western Provinces in June totalled 803 as compared with 794 in June 1926. Manitoba showed an increase of 139, Saskatchewan 242 against 327, Alberta 370 against 227 and British Columbia 1 against 11. Filings for the six months to date total 3,669 against 2,884 for the similar half year of 1926. Of these, Manitoba had 268, Saskatchewan 1,256, Alberta, 1,283, and British Columbia, 33.

## Stirring Up Trouble

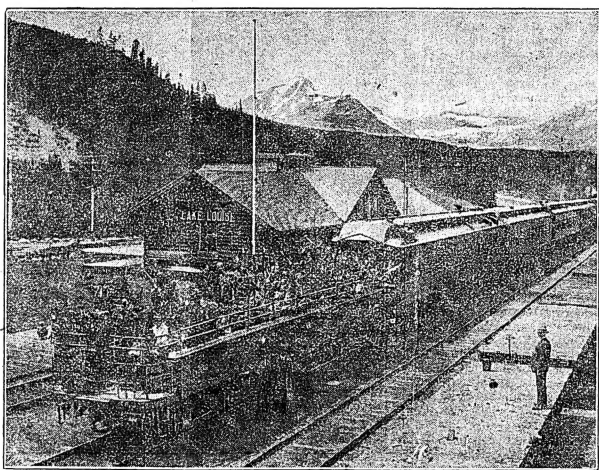
"George," she asked, "if we were both young and single again, would you want me to be your wife?"

"Now, my dear," he absent-mindedly replied, "What's the use of trying to start a quarrel just as we have settled down to enjoy a quiet evening?"

Officer—"I see that this new prize fighter has a reach of 7 feet 3 inches."

Ira—"That's nothing! You ought to see the new arrival at our boarding house."

## Girl Guides Tour Rockies



The cameraman happened along at the Lake Louise station in the Canadian Rockies just as this train load of Girl Guides from Ontario were about to leave for other glorious camping points in the mountains. The Guides left Toronto by special Canadian Pacific train about the

middle of July on a journey that they had been planning for many months past. Numerous camps held at points in the Canadian Rockies featured the western tour of this happy group of Guides. They are here seen waving their "goodbyes" from the open-top observation car just as the train proceeded west.



## CUTICURA

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## PAINTED FIRES

BY NELLIE L. McCLUNG

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## CHAPTER VI.—Continued

"No, no, dear Mrs. St. John, I never tell. See, I say my words." She held up her hand solemnly. "Chastity! health! seek truth! know God! serve others. Now, you see! I swear."

Gravely wondering and distressed, Helmi went swiftly on her way. The address led her to the north end of the city, where, leaving the car line, she went down a narrow old street where second-hand stores spilled their ruined wares all over the street. Dirt and dust, wounds and scratches were so thick on everything Helmi shuddered with the thought that all the owners were dead and didn't care. Would her dear lovely Lydia's beautiful chairs and window hangings ever come to this?

The number Helmi sought was on a building that had been painted recently. The name was on the door in gold and red—foreign-looking letters, with many sharp points.

Inside people were eating at narrow tables covered with white oil-cloth, and all the waiters were Chinese. To one of them she went and asked for Sam. She was too distressed to be frightened.

"Upstairs," he said, "outside."

An outside door opened on a flight of dull gray, greasy stairs, which creaked and groaned as Helmi swiftly ascended them. She found herself in a dark passage at the top of the stairs, where dismal curtains of dingy brown obscured the rooms beyond. Four heard her then, and for a moment she stood irresolute.

"Sam," she called, "Oh, Sam!"

A face like a yellow pumpkin peeped through the curtains, and a voice called, "Come in!"

Helmi held out the five-dollar bill. "For a lady," she said, "she is very sick."

Sam nodded. He pulled a curtain back, with a rattling of rings, and said, "Wait here!"

Helmi entered a room where air sickened her. It was so strangely cold and dead, a sort of embalmed air which would never yield to sunshine. And although it was a very still room, everything she looked at seemed to writhen with a secret motion. A huge black glittering jar stood on the table in front of her, and behind it was a red snake with its head lifted ready to strike. Helmi held with her eyes fixed on it, and although she knew its tongue would dart out like a red hot needle she could neither move nor scream. That she saw it move a red snake at all.

## SICK ABED EIGHT MONTHS

After Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Could Do All Her Work and Gained in Weight

Melfort, Saskatchewan. "I had inward troubles, heartburn, pains in my back and sides. I was so sick generally that I could not sit up and I was in bed most of the time for eight months. An aunt came to visit and help me as I was unable to attend to my baby and could not do my work. She told me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I bought a bottle. I could get up and dress myself. I also took Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood-Medicine. When I finished the medicine I only weighed seventy-eight pounds. Now I weigh twice as much. If I get out of sorts or weary and can't sleep I always take another bottle of the Vegetable Compound. I find it wonderfully good for female troubles, and have recommended it to my neighbors. I will be only too glad to answer any letters I receive asking about it." Mrs. WILLIAM RITCHIE, Box 486, Melfort, Saskatchewan.

"What do you think?" he asked her.

"She helped me every day, and sang Finnish songs, and was so happy—she could be a bad girl, Sir."

The maid evidently believed there was a relationship between happiness and goodness. Here again was evidence of Helmi's love of work.

"Toll Mrs. St. John I called," he gave her his neatly engraved card.

Reverend Edward Terry, Young Methodist Church.

"I hope you can get her off, Sir, she's only seventeen," said the maid anxiously.

"I hope so, too. I believe she is an innocent girl."

Mr. Terry sought the Police Court, but found that he could not see the prisoner—no one could see her until after the case was heard. From the matron he found out that Helmi was the only person arrested in the raid, and the most serious aspect of the case now was that she had resisted arrest and knocked Inspector Watt down the stairs.

The matron went to the magistrate's office to see if he could not obtain permission to see Helmi. After all, he was her minister.

Magistrate Windsor, a gray-haired, oak-faced old man, sat behind an oak desk and glared at his visitor from under bushy eyebrows. The minister had sent in his card, and he said, "Well, Sir, said His Worship, tentatively, 'What can I do for you? Sit down while you wait.'"

Mr. Terry took the round-backed, well-worn chair, vaguely conscious of the many anxious supplicants who had interviewed this fly-looking old official. "I am interested in the case of this young Finnish girl who is here under arrest," he said; "she attended my church."

The magistrate's face grew redder; his eyebrows bristled. "She's a young woman, that girl," he said. "One of our inspectors is laid up with a broken arm. I am afraid your ministerial efforts were not very successful in her case, Person!"

(To Be Continued.)

## Most Powerful Projectile

Radium Gives Off Millions Of Rays a Second At Incredible Speed

How the discovery of radium and other similar elements that spontaneously radiate rays and particles of matter, has placed in the hands of physicians a powerful weapon by which the true structure of the universe has been discovered, formed the subject of a lecture by Sir Ernest Rutherford, given at the Royal Institution in London. This weapon is what has been named the alpha particle, which radiates out millions of times every second at a speed of 10,000 miles a second. Such tremendous velocity makes the alpha particle the most powerful projectile known to science; compared with it the swiftest rifle bullet is the veriest sluggard.

Stop the Cough. Coughing is caused by irritation in the respiratory passages and is the effort to dislodge obstructions that come from inflammation of the mucous membrane. Treatment with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will allay the inflammation and in consequence the cough will usually stop. Try it and you will be satisfied.

## New Postage Stamp Issue

Further Denominations Of Canadian Historical Stamps Now Available

Three further denominations of Canadian historical postage stamps have been issued. On the new five-cent stamp appears the head of D'Arcy McGee. It is colored purple. The twelve-cent stamp, colored light green, bears the heads of Sir John Macdonald and Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The new twenty-cent stamp which is carmine in color, has the heads of Baldwin and Laurier.

All mothers can put away anxiety regarding their suffering children when they have Mother's Own Emulsion to give relief. Its effects are sure and lasting.

Collecting New Stamps

Visitors to Canada from the United States are said to be patronizing the postoffice to obtain as souvenirs the new stamps printed in commemoration of the Diamond Jubilee of the Confederation of Canada. The set of six ranges in value from 1 to 20 cents, the latter being a special delivery stamp depicting five stages of mail transportation.

## Plenty Of Cars

San Francisco's entire population could go riding at once if an average of a little less than six persons were counted in each of the city's registered motor vehicles. San Francisco has a motor vehicle registration of one car to every 5.7 persons.

Passenger liners leaving Montreal for Liverpool are out of sight of land but four days.

## WHEN USING WILSON'S FLY PADS

READ DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY AND FOLLOW THEM EXACTLY

Best of all Fly Killers—10c and 25c per packet at all Druggists, Grocers and General Stores.

## International Road Maps

Map Made For the Benefit Of Auto Tourists Will Prove Valuable

In planning an automobile tour it is advisable to first of all consult a map that is sufficiently comprehensive as to take in the entire territory within reasonable touring distance of the starting point and also one that shows the principal automobile highways, so that in a general way a route may be selected, and an itinerary planned.

The International highway maps published by the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, fill this need particularly and in a very practical fashion. The trunk highways of the United States and of Canada and their connecting points are clearly shown. This is probably the only map that so clearly shows the relationship between the highway systems of the two countries and with such an absence of unessential detail. Its usefulness to those who may be planning a vacation or business tour in either or both countries will at once be apparent.

Four sheets in all are available as follows:—Atlantic Sheet; Great Lakes Sheet; Middle West Sheet; Pacific Sheet.

A general map of the whole international border is also published. These sheets are supplied to any part of the United States or Canada without charge upon application.

## Death Penalty Is

Price Of Prosperity

Mentaw Tribe Will Not Let Successful Men Live

Supersocialists who kill over-wealthy members of their community instead of making speeches at them, and cultured cannibals who have an alphabet and write books, were found by Mrs. Violet Clifton, well known explorer, in a tour of the Dutch East Indies.

"In the little island of North Pagah, off Sumatra," Mrs. Clifton says in an interview, "the Mentaw tribe exists there as the price of too much material success."

"A prosperous man may be sitting watching his pigs when he will be seized from behind, bound, carried off and hanged. He stays there until his executioners think he has time to become a hostile spirit. Then they begin offering sacrifices to pacify the new ghost—one of a large number."

"I found Indian cannibals in North Sumatra. They not only possess a wealth of tribal history but have a civilized alphabet of 19 letters, and they write books, in a new language called the Sasak."

"They eat people because they believe that the qualities of dead people enter into those who devour them; but also, they confess, they like that sort of diet, particularly relishing the hands of their victims."

Minard's Liniment for cuts and bruises.

Where Daylight Saving Is Popular

In England they have put up a monument to William Willett, the man who originated the idea of "daylight saving." There are a good many communities in the United States where it would be hard to raise a dollar for such a purpose; but England is a land of cities and factory towns, and in such places daylight saving is and always will be popular.

A man may be justified in being a fool fairly often, but he is not justified in being the same sort of fool more than once.

In some parts of India sheep are used as beasts of burden.

## Sprained Ligaments

Gentle massaging with Minard's will quickly relieve the pain and stiffness.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

## World's Smallest Books

Twenty-Nine Minute Masterpieces Exhibited At London Library

What is probably the world's smallest book was to be seen in London recently. It contained over forty blank pages bound between embossed leather covers. Four of its size would not cover a penny, yet every detail is perfect and clearly visible without the aid of a lens. This miracle of the bookbinder's art was one of twenty-nine such marvels exhibited at the London Library; the entire collection could have been contained in an ordinary cigar box.

Among these minute masterpieces was a copy of "Galileo" measuring half inch by a quarter inch, which is claimed to be the smallest Italian book set from movable type. More wonderful still was a handwritten copy of the Koran found some time ago in Bagdad. Written in Indian ink on faded paper, this book is octagonal in shape, with one of its eight sides forming the back where the leaves are joined. This curious manuscript is perfectly legible despite the fact that a half-ounce would cover it.

A Bible measuring one and a half inches square, and a volume of Dante half inch square, seemed giants in this Lilliputian library. A New Testament about one-fifth of a square inch in area that was kept like some precious jewel in a handsome plush case, was so clearly printed that one could read the title and headings without difficulty. Another Bible, in red leather covers less than one inch square, was fitted with a tiny magnifying glass through which one could admire the delicate work of the type and illustrations.—Tit Bits.

## Not Made In Canada

Patriotic Buttons To Commemorate Confederation Ordered From United States

A Sunday School of the United Church was very loyal to Canada.

It had a celebration in honor of the 60th Anniversary of Confederation, and presented patriotic buttons to each scholar. The button was emblematic of the Anniversary, and inside, it named the giver—that is the United Church.

But—There was a microscopic lettering— and it read, "Made in U.S.A."

Are there not button manufacturers in Canada?

Could not these buttons have been "Made in Canada?"

Can we imagine a button made for "Independence Day" across the line bearing in small type—the legend, "Made in Canada?"

## Joined In Welcome

In referring to the visit of the Princess and Premier Baldwin to Canada, the New York Times said editorially: "America joins cordially in welcoming these Royal and distinguished guests as they touch her borders. If they had come one hundred and fifty years ago they might have been greeted with independence by their reasonableness, their common sense and charm."

## New Egg Record

A Barred Plymouth Rock, owned by the University of Saskatchewan, has established a new record for the three Prairie Provinces, laying her 300th egg in her pullet year of which there is still a month to go. The world's record for trap-nested production is held by No. 6, an Agassiz, D.C. pullet, which laid 351 eggs in 355 days.

Sold Tree-Chair For \$4,000

John Kruback, bent the twig—and a comfortable chair sprang out of the ground. By grafting and bending the limbs of 22 box elder saplings Kruback trained the trees to grow into the form of a chair. It took 11 years of patient effort, but Kruback sold the "tree-chair" for \$4,000.

The most obstinate corns fall to resist Hotway's Corn Remover. Try it.

Good Prices For Farm Lands

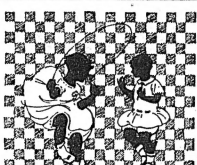
A good price for school lands in Saskatchewan was made recently at a sale held in Rosetown when Louis Montreuil, farmer of that district, paid \$75 an acre for a quarter-section of land, while several other parcels sold for \$60 an acre. In the 14 hours of the sale 240 parcels were sold.

Minard's Liniment for burns.

Biscuit Factory For Calgary

Addressing the Calgary Board of Trade, Harvey Shaw, president of the Independent Biscuit Co. Ltd., stated that the Calgary plant would be in operation in September and would have a payroll running from \$150,000 to \$200,000 a year.

The study of crime is to be carried out in a new college started in San Francisco. The principal degree offered will be that of "Consulting Criminologist."



## WRIGLEYS

Is the ideal sweet for children and you, too.

It aids appetite and digestion, and satisfies the craving for sweets.



## Plea For Co-Operation

Saskatchewan's Minister Of Agriculture Addresses Audience At Hamilton

A plea for greater co-operation between the East and the West featured an address delivered by Hon. Charles M. Hamilton, Minister of Agriculture in the Saskatchewan Government, before members of the Canadian Club at Hamilton.

Outlining the importance of agriculture in the Western provinces and its development of late, Mr. Hamilton pointed out that other branches of agriculture besides grain growing were proving successful. The problem of the West, he said, is to make the land yield revenue enough to make it worth while for boys and girls to remain on the farms, instead of going to the cities, where greater comforts could be had.

## Little Helps For This Week

"Do you know one to another."—Ephesians 1v, 32.

A kindly act is a kergel snow. That will grow to a goodly tree. Shedding its fruit when time has flown.

Down the gulf of eternity.

—John Boyle O'Reilly.

All worldly joys go loss To the one joy of doing kindness.

—George Herbert.

## MISTAKES MOTHERS MAKE IN CARE OF LITTLE ONES

Many mothers give their children solid foods at too early an age and say proudly that their babies "eat everything that grows up people do." Such a course is almost certain to bring on indigestion and lay the foundation of much ill-health for the little one.

Other mothers administer harsh, nauseating purgatives which in reality irritate and injure the delicate stomach and bowels and at the same time cause the children to dread all medicine.

Absolutely no meat should be given to a child until it reaches the age of 18 months, and then only if approved by the doctor. For medicine, all strong, disagreeable oils and powders should be abandoned and Baby's Own Tablets given instead.

Baby's Own Tablets are especially made for little ones. They are pleasant to take and can be given with absolute safety to even the newest-born babe. They quickly banish constipation and indigestion, break up colds and simple fevers and make the cutting of teeth easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

We heard of the sad case of a Scotsman who was engaged to a girl who became so fat that he wanted to break off the engagement. But the girl couldn't get the ring off so he had to marry her.

## Mothers Should Use

DE FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY

## When The Babies Are Cutting Teeth

During the baby's teething time, in the hot summer months, the bowels become loose and diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, jaundice and other bowel complaints manifest themselves; the gums become swollen, cankers form in the mouth, and in many cases the child wastes to a shadow, and very often the termination is fatal.

This is the time when the mother should give her baby De Fowler's, and, perhaps, save the baby's life. It has been on the market for the past 80 years; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

### Immigration to Canada

Ottawa, Canada.—Immigration to Canada during June, 1927, amounted to 18,052, compared with 12,191 in the same month last year, an increase of forty-eight per cent. Immigration for the first three months of the present fiscal year, that is from April 1 to June 30, totalled 77,434 compared with 48,304 for a similar period a year ago, an increase of sixty per cent. Of the June immigration 7,272 were British, 2,612 from the United States, and 8,138 from other countries.

A. Marr, who has been spending the summer months in Vancouver, returned to Chinook on Wednesday.

### Chinook United Church

Service will be held in Chinook United Church next Sunday morning, August 28, at 11 o'clock. Rev. G. A. Gay will take for his subject "Drifting." You are invited to attend this service.

**Dr. J. ESLER**  
Physician and Surgeon, Cerebral  
Will be at the  
Chinook Hotel every Tuesday and Friday

**Walter M. Crockett,**  
LL. B.,  
Barrister Solicitor,  
Notary Public  
Youngstown Alberta

### Record Production From Royaltie Well

Royaltie No. 4 well in the Turner Valler field produces more naphtha or natural gasoline than all the other 2,000 producing wells in Canada, according to a statement issued in a report on natural gas and petroleum wells prepared by John McLeish, director of the division of mineral resources, department of mines, Ottawa.

With the bringing in of this well in 1924, states this report, Alberta assumed first place among the provinces of the Dominion in the production of oil. Royaltie No. 4 yielding an average of 455 barrels per day of high gravity oil in 1925 and more than 600 barrels per day in 1926. Results to-day, the report continues, indicate that Turner Valley is one of the world's largest gas fields.

### At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)		
		Wheat
1 Northern	1.31	
2 Northern	1.27	
3 Northern	1.24	
		Oats
2 C. W.	.45	
3 C. W.	.41	
No. 1 Feed	.39	
		Flax
1 N. W.	1.70	
2 C. W.	1.62	
Rejected	1.55	

FOR SALE—10-20 Titan Tractor in good condition. Will sell cheap for cash or trade for horses. H. T. Lensgraf, Chinook.

FOR SALE—McCormick binder 8 ft. in first class condition. Price \$100 cash. Apply The Advance Office, Chinook.

FOR SALE—7 h.p. Judson engine in good condition. One 14 inch Grain Crusher, new this spring. Price for both engine and crusher \$150 cash. Ethan Hagey, Kinmundy.

### Catholics Purchase Building For Church

The Catholic members of the Chinook district purchased the Yake's residence on Main street last week, with a view to using same for church services.

### Wheat Cutting In Chinook District

Several farmers in the Chinook district commenced cutting their wheat crops during the past week. N. F. Marcy, east of town, started cutting wheat on Saturday, R. Peyton, south of town, commenced harvesting on Monday, and many farmers in the Reaville district are busy with the binders. If the present warm weather continues during this week harvesting will be in full swing next week. Heavy yields are expected as the grain is well headed and straw is of a vigorous growth.

### CHINOOK SCHOOL BOARD MEET

Trustees Decide To Plant Trees On School Grounds Next Spring

At a regular meeting of the trustees of the Chinook School held on Saturday evening the secretary was instructed to make arrangements for the re-planting of a strip around the school grounds and have same ready for the planting of trees next spring.

The board decided that the charge for use of the kitchen for religious services shall in future be \$1.00 per meeting and janitor's fees, and that resolutions No. 65 of 1925 and 66 of 1927 be rescinded. Piano available for such services if desired.

The secretary was instructed to pay \$2,500 on the Government loan.

That Levi Vennard be paid \$3 per day for conveying his children to school from section 12-28-7 until such time as he moves north to do his harvesting. That he convey Mr. Tompkin's children from section 23-28-7 during this time, and that arrangements re Mr. Tompkin's children after that date be left to Mr. McDonald.

Peter Petersen will drive the van on Route 2 until further notice.

Mr. Rosenau will make arrangements for van drivers for Route 3 and 4. Arrangements for Routes 5 and 6 will be made by Mr. Wright, and Mr. Lawrence for Route 7, when such are necessary.

### Rev. G. Elliott Preaches In Chinook United Church

There was a good attendance at the service held in the Chinook United Church on Sunday evening, when the Rev. Geo. Elliott, a former pastor of the church, delivered a most interesting and forceful sermon. Mr. and Mrs. Elliott were motoring through to Calgary to attend a Minister's conference, and accepted an invitation to spend the week-end in Chinook and renew old acquaintances.

### Toronto Critic Praises "Flag Lieutenant"

"There is a new British motion picture in Toronto just now awaiting release to The Regent," said The Evening Telegram in the Saturday entertainment section of April 23rd. "This picture, 'The Flag Lieutenant,' produced a very powerful impression. Preliminary scenes showing the British naval battle line steaming in superb formation are enough to thrill the beholder. Superb photography is here exhibited, and the same standard is maintained right through to the finish.

This picture will be shown in the Chinook School on Thursday evening, September 1st. See the advertisement for prices.

## Look Over Your Machinery FOR REPAIRS

We have a full stock of everything you will need when repairing your machinery for harvesting and threshing—PUNCHES, COLD CHISELS, OILERS, GREASE, OILS, BOLTS, NUTS, NAILS, SCREWS AND PLIERS.

We carry a full line of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Paints and Oils  
A Car load of Stove Coal arrived this week.

## Banner Hardware Chinook, Alta.



### W. W. Isbister General Blacksmith

Coulters and Dies Sharpened  
Horse shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing.

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.  
A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday or after the full moon.

Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

J. W. LA WRENCE, W. M.

R. V. LAWRENCE, Secretary

### Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service and prices reasonable  
**M. L. CHAPMAN**  
Chinook, Alta.

### King Restaurant

Meals at all hours.  
Our restaurant has been thoroughly renovated, and new booths installed.  
All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks and Candies. ICE-CREAM.  
CHINOOK - ALTA.

## Build Your Garage And Granaries Now

Don't wait until harvest when you will be too busy. You can build them now more satisfactory and more substantial while you have the time. Let us tell you what different size granaries will cost you.

### Don't Leave Your Auto Outside

It's an investment the same as your other equipment. Now that you have it, take care of it. PUT UP A GARAGE, not expensive, but in keeping with other buildings. Our LUMBER is under cover, and of course dry.

**Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.,**  
CHINOOK PHONE 12

Not merely  
How much you pay  
but  
How Much You Get

WITH New Lower Prices is now combined the most Amazing Quality in all Chevrolet history. Chevrolet has widened the circle of automobile ownership . . . provided economical transportation to untold thousands . . . placed within reach of the average motor-car buyer a QUALITY and a LUXURY beyond all expectations. In judging Chevrolet look not merely at what you pay, but also at what you get. Consider the smooth, fleet performance, the grace and beauty of the Fisher bodies, the ease of starting, driving and stopping, the refined yet rugged quality evident throughout Chevrolet construction. Weigh Chevrolet quality with Chevrolet price and know why Chevrolet has achieved the most spectacular popularity of any car in the world.

### New and Lower Prices

Touring	-\$615	Sedan	-\$580
Roadster	645	Landau Sedan	915
Sport Roadster	720	Imperial Landau Sedan	955
Coupe	765	1-Ton Truck Chassis	635
Cabriolet	875	Roadster Delivery	645
Coach	730	Commercial Chassis	485

Prices at Factory, Oshawa, Ontario—Taxes Extra  
PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA, LIMITED

**CARL V. JOHNSON**  
CEREAL, ALBERTA.

THE MOST AMAZING  
**Quality**  
IN CHEVROLET HISTORY

**"The Flag Lieutenant"**  
WILL BE SHOWN IN  
**CHINOOK SCHOOL**  
**Thursday, Sept. 1st**  
Brilliant Romantic Drama of the British Navy.

ADMISSION: Adults 75c. High School 35c. Children 25c.

## THE COW

Is the Best Investment a Farmer Can Make. A Good Cow, given a fair chance, Will Produce 250 Pounds of Butter Fat in Nine Months, and this at a price of 30 cents per pound, Equals \$75.00 a year. What else can you invest in that will pay you 100 per cent every year? And she gets at least half of her living out of the fence corners, stubble fields and sloughs that would otherwise be a total waste.

Remember for Bigger Returns and Better Service Ship Your Cream To  
**Youngstown Creamery**  
We pay 38 cents for best quality.  
Phone 16 Youngstown, Alta. Box 137

## Labor costs can be reduced with a Fordson

Of all items entering into the cost of crop production, labor is the one item that can be reduced. And the only effective means of reducing costs to a minimum is the adoption of mechanical power and modern farm machinery.

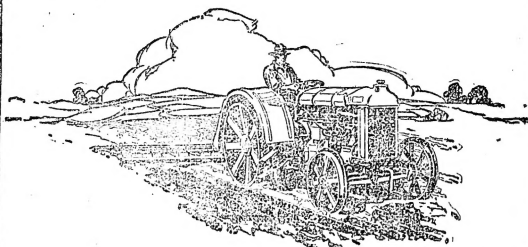
A Fordson farmer has a greater capacity for work. He can accomplish 2 or 3 times as much as he did before and with greater ease and convenience for himself. This saving in labor makes possible larger acreages, sown under ideal conditions—at just the right time. And, on extra 15 acres of wheat often more than pays for a Fordson.

The Fordson is built and sold to serve mankind. It is significant that over 20,000 are now in use on Canadian farms.

Our new folder "Things You Should Know Before You Buy Your Tractor" will interest you. Ask for a copy.

**Ford**

CARS • TRUCKS • TRACTORS



**Cooley Brothers,**  
Ford Dealers  
**Chinook**